





## The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1848.

The Slips in the Episcopal Church will be offered for rent on Monday Evening next, at 7 o'clock.

By order of the Vestry.  
November 25, 1848.

### SUPPER.

The "Ladies' Society" of the First Presbyterian Church of Fort Wayne, will prepare a Supper on Friday, the first of December next, to which they invite all those who are disposed to aid them in raising the funds necessary for enclosing, with a suitable feast, their new Church edifice. The ladies of the Society will endeavor to furnish such an entertainment as will ensure a pleasant evening to their guests, and will at the same time furnish an occasion to those who love "to do good and to communicate."

The Supper will be served in the lower room of Hanna's Buildings, corner of Columbia and Barr Streets, and will be ready at 8 o'clock. Price for Supper 50 cents.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 18, 1848.

**THE ELECTION.**—The mails are so regular just now that we do not get much additional election news. General Taylor is of course elected President, but we believe it is not certain whether Fillmore is elected Vice President or not, as some southern States will vote for Taylor, it is said, vote for Butler, unless Fillmore pledges himself in opposition to the Wilmot Proviso. As soon as we can get the full official vote of the several States we will publish it. Indiana gives Cass about 6000 majority; Ohio, 12,000 to 15,000; Michigan 7,200; Illinois about 1000; Iowa 1500; Wisconsin 2000 over Taylor, and 4000 over Van Buren. The south has not done what we had a right to expect from them. Virginia only gives us about 1000; Alabama and Mississippi are very close; but probably go for Cass by small majorities. All the doubtful States—Georgia, N. Carolina, Tennessee, Florida, and Louisiana have gone for Taylor. The democrats have always sustained the rights of the South, but the south on this occasion has not stuck by us as we had a right to expect—they may perhaps on some future occasion have cause to repent.

Taylor's majority in New York is probably 30 or 40,000; in Pennsylvania 11,000.

**Weller, Governor of Ohio!**—It is an old saying that there's no telling who is governor until after the election; and in the case of Ohio this appears to be truly the case—in fact, it could not be told until long after the election. By the last accounts it appears that Weller, the democratic candidate, is really elected. It appears that the vote of a new county, recently formed, had been transmitted to Columbus, or for some reason or other had been overlooked. This county gave a majority for Weller sufficient to overbalance Ford's majority in the balance of the State, and elect the former by some 40 or 50 majority.

The Legislature is also ascertained to be beyond doubt democratic, and Allen will of course be re-elected to the U. S. Senate. To cap the climax, Ohio has given Cass 12,000 to 15,000 majority!! and now stands prominently at the head of the democratic column. Glory to the Buckeyes!

**Appointment by the President.**—LUCIAN BARBOUR, has been appointed Attorney of the United States for the district of Indiana, in place of Daniel Mace, resigned.

**President of the State Bank.**—A President of the State Bank of Indiana will have to be elected by the next Legislature, and as the State is so thoroughly democratic that the party will have to bear the responsibility of the acts of the Bank we suppose as a matter of course that a democrat will be elected. We take the liberty of recommending DANIEL MACE, Esq. of Lafayette as a highly proper person for the important and responsible station. Mr. Mace, it should be remembered, has some claims on the party, he having accepted the nomination of presidential elector, at the request of the democrats in his district, and as a consequence, resigned the lucrative appointment of United States District Attorney.

Mr. Mace, we think would make a very efficient Bank President, and would, as far as his power extended, check the growing tendency of that institution to meddle with political matters, which may, if not curbed, eventually shake the confidence of the people in its utility and finally lead to its overthrow. We have been informed that in some of the branches the influence of the bank has been brought to bear on our elections, and the bank parlors been all but converted into whig committee rooms. This is to be regretted, as the Bank is, we believe, one of the best in the Union, and we should be sorry to see any feeling engendered among our citizens that might lead to its overthrow; but if the conduct of its officers should once awaken a suspicion among the democrats that it was interfering in any way to their prejudice, its days would be numbered, and its usefulness gone. This tendency of Banks to interfere with politics has already led to much trouble, and has probably been one of the chief reasons for the almost universal opposition on the part of democrats to these institutions. Hitherto, this feeling has been less manifested in Indiana, perhaps, than in any other State, and we do fervently hope that nothing may occur to awaken it among us. For this reason we are in favor of the election of Mr. Mace for President. We are desirous to see the Bank sustained, and think that under his direction there would be less danger of its meddling with politics and awakening a feeling of hostility and opposition than there would under any other President that might be elected.

**The Weekly Union.**—We direct attention to the prospectus of the Washington Weekly Union. It will be seen that the publisher proposes issuing a Congressional Supplement, containing a full account of the doings of Congress, which will be furnished gratuitously to all subscribers to the Weekly Union. Terms \$2.00 per annum; Five copies for \$5.00; 10 copies for \$10.00. T. W. RICHES, editor and publisher.

**Whig Celebration.**—The whigs of this city are to have a torchlight procession on Tuesday evening next, to celebrate the great victory they have obtained in electing a man to the Presidency whose views on measures of public policy are unknown to them—who refused to be considered the exponent of their principles—would not pledge to support their measures—would not even pay postage on the letter announcing his nomination by the Whig Convention—and expressed his willingness to accept a nomination from the democrats, if tendered. The whigs have truly great cause to rejoice, and we hope they will have a good time of it. All good whigs are expected to illuminate their houses on the interesting occasion.

How is it that the whigs have changed their tune so soon? A little while ago they contended that Taylor's election would be a triumph over party; and now it is claimed as a party triumph. We shall miss our guess if they do not change their tune again within four years. If our memory does not fail us they once elected a man whose principles were unknown to them, to the Vice Presidency, and he became President—he might have been a whig, but he was not an ultra whig.

**Indiana United States Senator.**—We are sorry to see our recommendation of Mr. Chamberlain for the U. S. Senate sits so badly on the stomach of our amiable friend of the Times. We of course did not expect he would be much in favor of Mr. C., but we never thought it would have discomfited him so much—if we had, we would not have made the nomination. At the same time the editor of the Times might as well have expressed his disapproval in more fitting and gentlemanly language. Such elegant terms as "spavined, wind-broken pony of Elkhart," "contemptible demagogue," &c. are not at all applicable to a gentleman of Mr. Chamberlain's parity of character, though they appear to fall very naturally from the lips or pen of the editor of the Times.

However, we are not disposed to quarrel with him on the subject. We leave him to the tender mercies of brother Ellis of the Goshen Democrat.

**Right About Face.**—The Times charges us with having turned a summerset, because in our last we expressed the opinion that General Taylor was an honest man, and might probably live up to his promises of not being the President of a party, but of the whole people. It intimates that a desire to keep the office of Register of the Land Office at this place has caused us to seek to carry favor with the new administration. In this he does us injustice, and according to the old adage "measures our corn in his own bushel." We do not think those who have known us longest will believe that we are to be thus bought and sold. To dispel any doubts, we will however state that whether retained in office or removed, we shall still maintain our integrity, and support the measures and principles of our party. If Gen. Taylor, as many think probable, should refuse to be a tool in the hands of the whigs, and think it advisable to continue the present course of policy which has proved so advantageous to the country, we shall support him in so doing; but if he do otherwise, we shall oppose him with as much zeal as if we had no office depending.

We are not green enough to suppose that any thing we might do or say as editor of the Sentinel, would be of any advantage to us as Register—nor are we disposed to try the experiment. We shall continue to exercise our editorial functions fearlessly and independently, and at the same time perform our duties as Register diligently and faithfully. If Gen. Taylor sees fit to falsify his pledges of not proscribing any officers for opinion's sake, and give the lie to all the promises made by his friends here on the same subject, by removing us, we shall leave the office with the proud consciousness of having maintained our integrity and independence. If any removals are made by Gen. Taylor we make sure of being included; but if he do not feel inclined to falsify his pledges, we can assure those who are seeking our office that we are not to be beguiled into resigning the appointment by any insinuations or attacks, either in the Times or elsewhere. We are too old a stager, and too much used to such things, to act thus foolishly. We are perfectly satisfied with the office, and those who want it must look to Gen. Taylor and not us.

Several other democratic papers have taken the same ground as we did in our last, whose editors neither hold nor expect any office, and who we venture to say will never be charged with any mercenary views in expressing a willingness to sustain General Taylor, if he sustains the measures of our party. As a sample, read the following from the Westminster (Maryland) Democrat:

**The Result.**—Well, as was apparent from the returns published in our last, the election on the 7th inst. terminated in favor of Gen. Taylor as President. In the language of the Cumberland Allegiance, we bow to the popular will, as we do not every democrat will, with quite as good, if not a better grace, than did most of the whigs some four years ago. We have never doubted the honesty or patriotism of "Old Zack," and we are satisfied that one of the principal objections the universal democratic party had to him, was the company he was found in. As he is not an "ultra whig," and promises to be the President of the whole people, and not of a party, we shall hope he will be successful in his efforts "to preserve unimpaired the prosperity and reputation of our common country."—Westminster Democrat.

**Tax Wishes of the Bitter.**—This is the title of an exquisitely beautiful volume published by the Messrs. Appleton, of this city, and New York. It is intended for the approaching holiday season, and cannot fail to be a popular as it is a most appropriate gift book. The volume contains eighteen splendid engravings, accompanied by articles written by the foremost of the great eminence in the United States. Nothing we have ever seen of a volume of binding, will compare with that which adorns the book before us. It is a noble specimen of the superiority of American art.—Philadelphia Family Messenger and National Gleaser.

**The Pope and Ireland.**—The mission of Dr. McHale, Roman Catholic Archbishop of Tuam, to Rome, has been successful. The Pope has issued a rescript against the Irish Catholics, and recommends the erection of a Catholic University in that country. This will cause great annoyance to the government.

**Whig Celebration.**—The whigs of this city are to have a torchlight procession on Tuesday evening next, to celebrate the great victory they have obtained in electing a man to the Presidency whose views on measures of public policy are unknown to them—who refused to be considered the exponent of their principles—would not pledge to support their measures—would not even pay postage on the letter announcing his nomination by the Whig Convention—and expressed his willingness to accept a nomination from the democrats, if tendered. The whigs have truly great cause to rejoice, and we hope they will have a good time of it. All good whigs are expected to illuminate their houses on the interesting occasion.

**Thirty-third Congress—The House.**—When the present Congress first assembled last December, it was politically divided as follows:—Whigs 115; Administration 110; Abolition (Tuck) 1 native (Levin) 1. The N. Y. Tribune gives the facts as to subsequent vacancies and re-elections, showing that the session closed 113 whigs, (including Giddings, Root, Palfrey, and the hostile Taylor, at not counting Tuck and Levin either way), to 112 democrats, including Wilmot and three or four free soil men from New York. At the recent election in New York, Horace Greely, whig, was chosen from the 6th district, in the place of David S. Jackson, democrat, and Esbon Blackmar, whig, from the 27th, in place of John M. Holley, whig, from the 1st. This increases the whig strength to 115, the original number. The bolters from Cass and Taylor, however, are so numerous that no party has a clear majority. The Van Buren free soil men hold the balance of power.

**North Carolina Legislature.**—The election of a democratic Senator in the Orange district makes the Senate a tie, and the resignation of Watters, a whig in the lower house, gives the democracy one of a majority in that body. If a special election is ordered in Watters' district, the result will be doubtful, as the county is very close. If the whigs are elected, they tie the House, but if a democrat be elected it gives a democratic majority of two in the House, and of course on joint ballot. The political complexion of the legislature is important, as a United States Senator is to be elected.—Ohio Statesman.

**A High Tariff and a Swindling Government Bank.**—The Cincinnati Gazette, of Friday, has a long leader on the Tariff of 1842, to show that its repeal was the cause of the election of Gen. Taylor.

During the contest just ended, Mr. Granger was exceedingly anxious, while stamping northern Ohio, to impress his readers with the idea that the Tariff, the salt-Treasury, and the other old issues were all exploded, and that General Taylor was elected, these two laws would remain, and this cry was taken up and endorsed by the party. No sooner is it ascertained, however, that Gen. Taylor is elected, than the repeal of the present Tariff is demanded, and the establishment of a National Bank, boldly advocated by the leading men of the party. It is for this purpose, we presume, or for the deposits, that the Clinton Bank of this city, hoisted a transparency, with the words "old Zack" over its door, and which was brilliantly illuminated, the night of the whig celebration.

We, who are content! A whig Tariff or a whig bank can neither last over two years, for a democratic Congress will cut the gordian knot, by the magic words repeal, for the time has past, when the people of the Union will suffer themselves to be robbed by National Banks, or oppressed by high Tariffs.—Ohio Statesman.

**Part of a Prophecy Realized.**—Col. Forney, of the Pennsylvania, says that on the very day of the election, he received a letter from his friend, Purser Slamm, written in August last, at Montevideo, on board one of our vessels of war, in which letter the writer predicts the election of Taylor, but adds—"I say to my brother officers, whenever they hear about Taylor's election, that even if we don't carry Gen. Cass, our whig friends will elect an anti-whig President, who will be sufficient for all useful purposes."

**FOR SALE.**—One hundred and eighty-four quarter sections of land, situated at the head of Salt River, will be sold very low, or let for a long term of years. For further particulars enquire of the Wm. W. W. of South Bend.

**South Bend Register.**—We would suggest to the "Whigs of South Bend," not to sell their highly cultivated lands at the head of Salt River, as they will doubtless retire again from the White House with "one great disgust" in about a year. This advice is gratuitous, gentlemen.—South Bend Free Democrat.

**27th Horace Greely** has obtained the price of his perjury, a seat in Congress. With Greely to head the Free Soilers of the North, and some lusty negro driver to marshal the Slaveholders of the South, there is some hopes of keeping Whiggery in the traces. We gave Greely credit once for honesty, but it seems to have evaporated, like the cloud of some of the clitics we know of. A meek-mouthed hypocrite never went unwhipped of justice.—Goshen Democrat.

**RAIL ROAD.**—A writer in the Fort Wayne Times suggests the propriety, and feasibility of constructing a Rail Road from La Porte to Michigan City via South Bend, Mishawaka, Goshen, and Fort Wayne to connect with the Mad River Rail Road at some point near the Ohio State Line. He has been in correspondence with Eastern capitalists, and says the money can be obtained. It would no doubt be a profitable work, and the citizens along the line would be glad to see it. The State of Ohio will still refuse to aid the amendments to the charter of last winter, it will become necessary to cast about for some other thoroughfare to accommodate the trade and travel of Northern Indiana, and we know of none that promises better than the one above suggested.—Goshen Democrat.

**Death of Gen. James Taylor.**—We are called on to record the decease of this venerable citizen. He died at three o'clock, P. M., yesterday, Nov. 7, at his residence in Newport, Kentucky. He was born in 1797, in Caroline county, Virginia, and emigrated to Kentucky in 1792. He was quartermaster general of the northwestern army during the last war with England, in which office he served with distinction. He was one of the officers designated by Gen. Hull to draw up the articles for his surrender, which he indignantly refused to do. Gen. Taylor left a very large property, being perhaps the best landed proprietor in the West. His estate, which is estimated at four millions, will descend to a son and three daughters. He preserved his faculties till the last hour. It was a most grateful reflection to him that his life was spared till the day of the Presidential election, and by the obliging disposition of the judges of the election, who went to his chamber to receive his vote, he had the irrepressible satisfaction of casting it for his friend and relative, Gen. Zachary Taylor for President of the United States. His remark on giving his vote, was characteristic of the old soldier—"I have given the last shot for my country."

**Mr. Clay.**—(says the Louisville Democrat of Wednesday.)—It was stated last evening, did not cast his vote for Taylor.

Mr. Clay is a whig, an ultra whig, and has given principles to his party. He refused to endorse the nomination of General Taylor for President, and he refused to vote for him.

**EMIGRANTS.**—The arrivals of emigrants from foreign countries at the port of New York up to the end of October, in each year from 1841 up to the present, have been as follows:

Year	1841	1842	1843	1844	1845	1846	1847	1848
January	664	1,208	1,016	1,427	7,393	1,016	1,427	7,393
February	727	881	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250
March	1,719	2,677	8,779	9,095	4,292	9,095	4,292	9,095
April	9,095	9,095	9,095	9,095	9,095	9,095	9,095	9,095
May	5,238	11,069	10,662	27,443	35,161	10,662	27,443	35,161
June	14,498	15,156	18,596	25,553	30,047	18,596	25,553	30,047
July	8,411	13,117	13,296	17,098	24,963	13,296	17,098	24,963
August	6,790	12,800	15,560	17,693	16,825	15,560	17,693	16,825
September	7,495	13,628	14,608	16,098	24,596	14,608	16,098	24,596
October	3,450	5,738	5,736	12,306	14,993	5,736	12,306	14,993
Total	50,000	72,699	93,597	130,006	161,393	93,597	130,006	161,393

It will be perceived from the above tables, that the arrivals in ten months of the present year, have been more than triple the number which arrived in 1844.

**From Texas—Later from the Indians.**—The New Orleans papers, of the 1st inst., by two or three arrivals, have accounts from Texas to the 29th ult. In regard to the late difficulties with the Indians we copy the following article from the Galveston Civilian, of the 23d:

The late Indian incursion appears to have created considerable excitement in the West, as might be supposed from the snide, sneer, and audacity with which it was made. The Austin Democrat, of Wednesday, says that the Indians had been seen within four miles of that city. They also made their appearance in small numbers near Gonzales and Bexar. Thirteen of our citizens are ascertained to have been killed, whose names, as far as is ascertained, are given as follows: Messrs. York, Ball, Sykes, the two Davises, Robert McKee, two Germans on the Blanco, and two on the Cibola, and Dr. Barnett on the Sandys. The Victoria Advocate says that four Indians were killed in the fight on the Cibola, which we have before mentioned; and also that the body of a young man, named John, was found, and turned towards San Antonio, followed by the whites, who had gathered a hundred strong, on the 15th, and strong hopes were indulged that the savages would be suitably punished. But the Victoria Advocate, of Thursday, says that "after killing thirteen men, wounding several others, and taking a large number of horses, they retired, and are now most likely in their mountain haunts, meditating another descent upon our defenceless inhabitants."

A correspondent of the Houston Star informs the editor of that paper that after the fight the Indians, about two hundred strong, passed by the Austin river, near the corner, and turned towards San Antonio, followed by the whites, who had gathered a hundred strong, on the 15th, and strong hopes were indulged that the savages would be suitably punished. But the Victoria Advocate, of Thursday, says that "after killing thirteen men, wounding several others, and taking a large number of horses, they retired, and are now most likely in their mountain haunts, meditating another descent upon our defenceless inhabitants."

The Civilian notices the censure of the War Department for disbanding the Rangers, and expresses doubts as to its justice, as troops were long since designated for the frontier service and orders issued for their removal to appropriate stations. But from some cause there has been much delay in carrying the orders into effect. The Victoria Advocate, however, deems those designated insufficient. Six companies of the 3d Infantry were encamped near Lavaca. The Galveston News says that the reports at Port Lavaca were that twenty-six persons in all had been killed by the Indians. The correspondent contributed greatly towards quieting their apprehensions.

The Advocate learns by several gentlemen from San Antonio that a set of desperate men in that place, gamblers and discharged soldiers, had collected together to the number of about seventy, on pretence of fighting the Indians, but were really engaged in robbing the quartermaster's safe and stores, but were prevented by the death of their leader, a man named Sears, who was shot by Mr. Wallace, whose store he rode into with a cocked pistol, intending to kill him. Some of the party, after the death of their leader, revealed the secret.

The Huntsville Banner announces the death of Col. Jos. L. Bennett, one of the soldiers of the Texas revolution. He commanded the left wing at the battle of San Jacinto.

**General Weigles.**—The Corps Christi Star has the following remarks on the appointment of this gallant veteran to the command of the 8th military department. The editor knows his man well, and speaks of him as all who have witnessed his straightforwardness and energy in every station he has filled:

"If he be the fact, then indeed will the department be in luck, for a more just and energetic man cannot be found in the American army. It is a quiet, unassuming man, who would be as quiet under his administration, an old settled section. He would be just to Mexicans and Americans. Although it may be a little too far out to place one who has rendered the country such services, still, for the interest of the frontier, we should be glad to see him there. With the exception of Buena Vista, 'old Orizava,' as they call him, has been in every fight under Taylor and Scott, and in nearly every instance the pioneer and working general. There is no general officer who engaged the enemy as often, and with pride we say, not a regiment, company, platoon, file, or even a single man of his division ever engaged the enemy as often as he. We know this well, for we followed his victorious command from this line to the Grand Plaza in the city of Mexico. We reiterate that for the interest of the frontier we wish the gallant soldier and just citizen may take command of the 8th department."

**Mode of Electing the President and Vice President.**—The Presidential Electors chosen by the people, assemble in the capitals of their respective States, as soon as possible after they are elected, and vote for the candidates of their choice. Having recorded their vote, copies of it are made, and forwarded to Washington, by special messengers. The votes of all the States are opened in the presence of both Houses of Congress, and the result placed on record.

**THE GENUINE NORTHWEST.**—Gen. Cass has the proud satisfaction of knowing that he has been long sustaining the glorious Northwest States—Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Iowa, and Wisconsin, have been true to our patriotic standard bearer. They are agricultural States, and their honest hardy people are removed from the influences of federal political parties, and lordly aristocratic manufacturers, who at all times exercise an undue influence over the minds of the poor, and oppressives are democrats, and they would have voted for Cass and Butler, but they were appalled that to do so, they would only vote the bread out of their own mouths! But as the "Kings of the soil" could not be influenced and controlled by Cotton and Iron lords, they have voted for the honest and patriotic Gen. Cass. In Ohio, the majority for Gen. Cass is very large; and in nineteen counties of Michigan, (all from which we have received returns,) his majority is 5180! The probability is, that the majority State will not fall short of 8000.—Pittsburgh Post.

**Horace Greely to the Whigs after the Election.**—Mr. Greely, after claiming the election of General Taylor in his Tribune of the 9th, goes on to read the following lecture to his party:

"The first peril which awaits him is that of being worried to death by the importunities of the legions of office-seekers, whom he will find a more formidable annoyance than all the Mexicans he ever saw. We have faith, however, that he will not let them kill him; we hope he will not suffer his rest to be seriously interrupted by them. It is a comfort to be certain that the great majority of the greedy, forward, scrambling, pushing crowd must be disappointed. Very likely some unassuming, worthy, capable man, who do not think the party will be ruined if their claims are overlooked and who do not look to office as a means of getting rich with little labor, will be appointed to comfortable places, which will be another consolation."

Mr. Greely has long been a prominent worker in the whig ranks, and is doubtless intimately acquainted with the secret springs of action which govern that party. His remarks though they may not be very palatable to some expectant whigs here, are very reasonable, and worthy serious consideration. It is better to be prepared for disappointment in season, when foreseen it is not so hard to bear as it would be if entirely unlooked for.

## Robbery of the Patent Office.

The late robbery of the Patent Office will be a launch interest throughout the country. We have taken pains to ascertain the particulars, so far as they can be known.

The Patent Office seems to have been entered at the door opening on the porch in front, by applying a pair of nippers to the key with a rope length for the porch near the corner. The tools for breaking into the case were obtained by means of a skeleton key. The door was then locked, and the knob further fastened inside by a piece of twine. They next doubtless prepared the means of egress, by boring into the side of the window and letting down a rope length for the porch near the corner. The tools for breaking into the case were obtained by means of a skeleton key. The door was then locked, and the knob further fastened inside by a piece of twine. They next doubtless prepared the means of egress, by boring into the side of the window and letting down a rope length for the porch near the corner. The tools for breaking into the case were obtained by means of a skeleton key. The door was then locked, and the knob further fastened inside by a piece of twine. 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By order of the Vestry.  
November 25. 1848.

The Supper will be served in the lower  
of Hanna's Buildings, corner of Colum-  
and Barr Streets, and will be ready at  
'clock. Price for Supper 50 cents.  
Fort Wayne, Nov. 16, 1848.

## Feller, Governor of Ohio!

Legislature is also ascertained to be  
doubt democratic, and Allen will of  
be re-elected to the U. S. Senate. To  
climax, Ohio has given Cass 12,000  
majority!! and now stands promi-  
at the head of the democratic column.  
to the Buckeyes!

place, we think would make a very  
Bank President, and would, as far as  
er extended, check the growing ten-  
of that institution to meddle with po-  
matters, which may, if not curbed, o-  
only shake the confidence of the people  
ility and finally lead to its overthrow.

ky Union.—We direct attention to the fact of the Washington Weekly will be seen that the publisher printing a Congressional Supplement, a full account of the doings of which will be furnished gratuitously to subscribers to the Weekly Union.—\$1.00 per annum; Five copies for \$15.00. Thos. K. and publisher.

How is it that the whigs have changed their  
 tune so soon! A little while ago they con-  
 sidered that Taylor's election would be a tri-  
 umph over party: and now it is claimed as a  
 party triumph. We shall miss one guest if  
 they do not change their tune again within  
 ten years. If our monetary does not fail us  
 they have elected a man whose principles  
 were unknown to them, to the Vice Presi-  
 dency, and became President—he might have  
 been a whig, but he was not an ultra whig.

**Right About Face.**—The Times charges us with having turned a summer-set, because in last we expressed the opinion that General Forster was an honest man, and might prove up to his promises of not being the squire of a party, but of the whole people.

of money which has proved so advantageous to the country, we shall support him in doing; but if he do otherwise, we shall cease him with as much zeal as if we had ourselves depending.

There are not green enough to suppose that we might do or say as editor of the *Journal* would be of any advantage.

ral other democratic papers have taken the ground as we did in our last, whose neither hold nor expect any office, and we venture to say will never be charged with any mercenary views in expressing a

of this *World*.—This is the  
an explicitly Irish volume, pub-  
lished by the Messrs. Appleton, of this  
city. It is intended for the  
holiday season, and cannot fail to  
obtain it is a most appropriate gift.  
The volume contains eighteen splendid  
illustrations, accompanied by articles written  
by the most distinguished writers of the  
United States. Nothing has created so much  
of binding, will compare with every-  
thing the best before us. It is a work  
of the superiority of American art.  
*Adelphi Family Messenger and Nation*.—  
The above splendid work is for sale at  
this Book Store in this city.

**North Carolina Legislature**—The election of a democratic Senator in the Orange district closes the swing in the, and the resignation of Waters, a member of the lower house, gives the democracy one of a unit in a single body. If special election is ordered in Waters' district, the result will be doubtful, as the county is very close. If the whigs succeed, it will give a democratic majority of two in the house, and of course no joint ballot. The bitter complexion of the legislature is justified, as a United States Senator is to be elected.—*Ohio Statesman*.

ell, we are content! A whig Tariff for a bank can neither last over two years, for democratic Congress will cut the gordian by the magic words repeal, for the time past, when the people of the Union will see themselves to be robbed by National banks, not oppressed by high Tariffs.—*Union*.

**FOR SALE.**—One hundred and eighty-four sections of land, situated at the head of the River, will be sold very low, or let for a number of years. For further particulars enquire of the **Wines of South Bend.**

Horace Greely has obtained the price  
parade, a seat in Congress. Wish  
to heed the Free Sellers of the North,  
the last negro driver to unmarshall  
the soldiers of the South, there is some huge  
riding Whiggery in the air. We gave  
credit once for honesty, but it seems to  
evaporated, like that of some of his sat-  
we know of. A medlar-mouthed hyp-  
never went unwhipped of justice.—*Trans-  
cendental.*

From the Cincinnati *Chronicle*, Nov. 8.  
**Death of Gen. James Taylor.**  
 We called on to record the decease of a noble citizen. He died at three o'clock, M., yesterday, Nov. 7, at his residence, Newport, Kentucky. He was born

EMIGRANTS.				
of emigrants from foreign countries to the port				
of the port of October, in each year from				
present, have been as follows:				
	1846.	1847.	1848.	1849.
1	1,028	1,047	1,047	1,047
2	439	511	3,394	4,298
3	2,217	1,013	1,013	1,013
4	855	870	2,925	2,925
5	1,669	1,669	1,669	1,669
6	1,311	1,311	27,913	28,917
7	1,311	1,311	15,834	15,834
8	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
9	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
10	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
11	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
12	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
13	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
14	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
15	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
16	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
17	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
18	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
19	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
20	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
21	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
22	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
23	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
24	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
25	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
26	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
27	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
28	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
29	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
30	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
31	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
32	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
33	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
34	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
35	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
36	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
37	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
38	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
39	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
40	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
41	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
42	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
43	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
44	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
45	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
46	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
47	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
48	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
49	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
50	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
51	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
52	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
53	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
54	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
55	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
56	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
57	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
58	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
59	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
60	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
61	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
62	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
63	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
64	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
65	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
66	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311
67	1,311	1,311	1,311	1,311

in the fight on the Gladiolus which was before mentioned; and also that the killed were John York, shot through the eye by H. K. Young, shot through the thigh, by Joseph Tanahum, through the right side of the breast.

The correspondent of the Houston Star is the editor of that paper that after the Indians, about two hundred strong, crossed down the San Antonio river, near Roma, and turned towards San Antonio, followed by the whites, who had gathered a hunt strong, on the 15th, and strong hopes indulged that the savages would be captured.

in Antonio that a set of desperate men place, gamblers and discharged soldiers collected together to the number of seventy, on pretence of fighting the lumber with the real object of robbing the master's safe and stores, but were prevented by the death of their leader, a man named Tom, who was shot by Mr. Wallace.

in every station he has filled :  
 such to the fact, then indeed will the  
 ment be in luck, for a more just and  
 cannot be found in the American  
 In a short time this border country  
 as quiet, under his administration, as  
 method, sayless. If

every fight under Taylor and Scott, every early instance the pioneer and general. There is no general officer engaged the enemy as officer, and with say, not a regiment, company, platoon or even a single man of his division lack one inch to an enemy. We are well for we followed his victorious from this line to the Grand Plaza in of Mexico. We reiterate that for the rest of the frontier we wish the gallant of just citizen may take command of

ic standard bearer. They are ag-  
States, and their honest hardy per-  
moved from the influences of fed-  
pacies, and locally aristocratic man-  
whom, at all times, exercise an undue  
over the minds of the poor opera-  
employ. The great mass of these

"I am not doing this to office as a means of making money, but I am doing it with little labor, will be upon comfortable places, which will be profitable."  
 "I have been a prominent wire-puller in the whig ranks, and is doubtless acquainted with the secret springs of a government that party. His remarks may not be very palatable to the masses, but they are very seasonable and worthy of serious consideration. It is prepared for disappointment in the future, but between it is not so hard to find fault with, as it is with the present administration."

“So far as it can be judged, they acted as if they were not in this small room, but in their preparations, as the key was turned on the handle of the door, and a board was pulled down against the window, evidently to shut out the lantern. The method of obtaining the article of which they were in quest was ingeniously planned. These doors were of very thick glass, and at the distance of an inch from the other side, a hole was necessary to break both of the panes, though it was not to be done without alarming any one who might be on the floor, and in a way to drop the noise of the crack heard by the

lapped, making their exit through the  
letting themselves down upon the  
by means of the knotted rope, and  
besides the key already mentioned  
instruments used, a bludgeon abun-  
dantly loaded at both ends, and covered  
her.

First VICTIM DEMANDED.—The Journal is out in favor of the prompt removal of General Taylor, of General Johnson, Governor of Oregon. The assassin is to be hung.

lone, there General Lane was to be so much was his during and chivalrously advised that the army officers elected upon him the "sovereign of the Army," the highest praise to be bestowed.

When appointed Governor Oregon, he left friends, home, and all, to rally to the citizens of Oregon, to rally together by their savage enemies, and this call for his removal was made, and he was struggling with the snows of the mountains.

**Weather and Snow.**—At Boston this morning, the thermometer, at 17 degrees.

(N. Y.) Gazette mentions that during the thermometer at Decatur one degree below zero at San-

Following:

already heard Clay and Webb address for the cabinet—C. Gen. Taylor knows his friends will better. He never forgets his friends the difference between those who have suffered in his cause, all hypocrites who have made and his friends suffer by their

know his friends, those who the enemy, when he was superior force on the Rio Grande or comfort from his Ad Those who were kicked into the eleventh hour, will find that

that the  
WINTER T

In the Primar  
"Andromeda"  
"Collegian"  
Music on the  
Each student  
half-price per  
Tuition

Fort Wayne,  
INDIANA.

GODFREY  
G COVERI  
Italian of Tasso

**Abduction and Rescue.**—The crime of a white woman, whom a villain attempted to outrage upon in the streets of "Genoa," a night of two ago, attracted a "gentleman" in her rescue, who knocked the villain. On turning to look at the woman, the man found that he had been the means of his own wife from a fate worse than

any."—And taking care of one's health and getting rid of spells of sickness is a saving both of Time and Money. I can't doubt it, let him do as we have done. He feels unwell, and is threatened with a spell of sickness, go at once and buy a box of two of Indian Queen Vegetable Sugar Cured Pills, and of them forthwith. He will find in this

[illegible]

or the time we heard of a case of Polio cured by the celebrated Lithonatripe Mixture. I wrote Mr. Edwards of Stanner Clermont of the gentleman who testified to it. It was a local case, and we advised all to get a pamphlet history of the case. Mr. Edmond's mother was cured of cancer by this great article, and we saw a letter from a gentleman who attended N. Y. was cured of a *fluorosa* condition. Such cures do not follow the newspaper, and other "gadabouts" which grab by the gills for the cost of six cents. Lithonatripe is a *confidant* of the

er, & Sheet Iron Ware.  
warrant to be as well made, and  
as in any shop west of Buffalo  
received from the East a superior

Term of our institution will  
of December next, and the  
commences the next day.

**Fees of Tuition.**

Department,	\$2.00 per quarter.
"	3.00 " "
"	5.00 " "
No. extra	7.00 " "

will be charged thirty-one and a  
for incidental expenses.  
It must be paid in advance.

G. H. AUNDREY,  
Nov. 23, 1843.

**OFFICE OF BULLDOGE, or the RE-  
OF JERUSALEM, from the  
by Edward Fairfax, for sale at**

only agency in Fort Wayne for the sale  
D. S. S. Kitchens: Abdominal Surgeon

CHAS. R. WALKER.

Indiana, }  
County. }

*Notice of Insolvency.*  
November 4<sup>th</sup> 1843, in the DeKalb Pro-  
Court, A. D. 1843, said court docket.

### Administrator's Sale.

JAMES B. SINCORE, Admr.  
SIS. 4w21.

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Sheriff's Sale.

1848. [21 50] 3w21.  
**DEMOCRATIC PARTY.**  
We are already informed, that by a  
the Senate, at the close of the last  
Union" was selected as one of the  
which the proceedings and debates of  
to be published. A similar arrange-

...at the same time to furnish to  
our full congressional reports, we  
...during the session of Congress,  
ANNUAL SUPPLEMENT TO THE  
CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER, which shall contain the full  
text of the reports in our daily edition. There  
will be one number of the Supplement  
for each session, of the same size and at the same price as the  
CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER. The price of our WEEKLY  
CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER has been put very low. But  
we are to spare no efforts to in-  
crease its extensive circulation, we print  
and distribute both the WEEKLY  
CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER and the

...and Congressional Register.  
...ly Union may be had, as hereto.  
...an a year, by sending a propo-  
...but in no case will the Con-  
...ment be sent with it unless the  
...ter,  
...our democratic friends that this

the people. The assortment of  
kery, Hats and Caps, Boots  
woodware, Pains, Oils and  
oil respects equal, if not supe-  
rior to this city. A supply  
SALT, TAR, ROSIN, TUR-  
is generally kept on hand.-  
OIL of extra quality, by the  
barrel.

In order to accommodate them-  
selves to the truth of this statement, as  
they will please call at  
WILLER'S NIAGARA STORE.

Exchange for the above goods  
Lard, Ashes, Scorching-Tar,  
Oats, Rye, Barley, Butter



**ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

**The Latest Arrivals**  
**MISS** D. BYRES informs the ladies of Wayne and vicinity that she has just returned from New York with a full assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

Call and Winter Good  
who will be ready for inspection on Tu-  
esday.  
O-tober 14, 1888.

**More New Goods.**  
The Public, especially those who like  
to get good bargains, to make the most  
advantageous use of the time, in a place where  
they are getting the best articles at  
the lowest prices, are invited to call and ex-  
amine our new arrivals.

**Fall and Winter Goods**  
which have been selected with care and  
procured on favorable terms, will be  
well adapted to the wants of the country.  
We are, therefore, very anxious to have  
you call and examine the full line, that  
you may be enabled to report to the vis-  
itors of the Goods.

cheap assortment of Broad Cloths, Blouses  
and Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds,  
serges, plain and plaid, Flannels, white and  
colored Green Linens, Alpaca, De Laine, Co-  
lons, Merinos, &c. Calicoes—of the best  
and most beautiful styles from 5 cents per  
yard. Shirts and shirts much lower than  
shown, Hucklebacks, Gileys, Bonnets, il-  
lustrations, Trimmings, Fancy Articles in ad-  
dition, Wadding, Blanketing, &c., &c.

**Fur, Plush, and Glazed Caps, &c.**  
A full and choice assortment of  
**Fresh Groceries,**  
including Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Tobacco,  
&c., &c., refined by the quarter box.—Native  
of

**HARDWARE**,—a pretty general assortment of all, Crow, Heat, and Buck saws; Files, Screw Knives, Bunches Do. Table Cutlery, 16 Kalvers, Bells, Screws, Latches and Door Lock Pins and Leg Chains, &c.

Also a general assortment of

**Crockery and Glassware;**  
Spanish Sole Leather, Nicks and Gl  
Stone and Red Ware, &c.


We hope our divided friends will continue their patronage to the new firm, and we should be gratified to give you similar facts to our customers. Their stock is large, and having been bought on favorable terms, we will sell the Country Merchants at WHOLESALE on such terms as will make it an object to them to purchase.

There are so many gaudy advertisements published now, that some may be willing to believe that all we have here said is true, and it

the Farmers Depot is the real place to go  
BIRCHERS.

To all such we have only to say, give us a trial and your scepticism shall vanish; all we ask that you call and sell by yourselves.

OFFICE & SCHWEGMAN,  
Sept. 15, 1893. 115



J. E. HILL, A. M. ORRISON, G. WILSON.  
HILL, ORRISON, & CO.,  
(Successors to Nimble & Hongland.)

Forwarding & Commission  
**MERCHANTS.**  
FORT WAYNE, IA.  
Liberal advances made on Produce.  
REFERENCES:  
E. H. L. & C.

Smith, Robinson & Co.  
Collins, Brown, & Co. } Toledo;  
Pekham & Scott.  
Field & King,  
Horn & Lawson, Piqua, Ohio.  
Ayres & Tami,  
Kent, Pong, & Co. } New York,  
Cocke & Co., Boston.

Robert C. Reese & Co. *Hephzibah*,  
 C. McKinnell & Co. *Cincinnati*,  
 John Rench, *Dayton*,  
 H. S. Mason, *Troy, Ohio*.  
 Fort Wayne, September 16, 1842.

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*Co Partnership Notice.*  
 J. E. HILL & G. WILSON, *Dayton, Ohio*.

in a co-partnership with A. M. CRIBBON, of Dealers in Grains, Wares, and Merchandise, at their old stand, under the name of HILL, WILEY, & Co. Also to conduct a general business of Storage, Forwarding, and Commission, and Dealers in Produce, at the new place of Hill, WILEY, & Co., in the Warehouse recently occupied by Nichols and Hamden.

September 16, 1842.


**CITY FOUNDRY,**

PORT WAYNE, INDIANA.  
**HOWE, PARKS, & CO.**  
 HAVE their New Foundry now in full operation, and are prepared to furnish the best quality of CASTINGS of all sizes and descriptions, unsurpassed in style and neatness of work by any establishment in the West.  
 We do it at the same making the celebrated  
**CORB'S COOKING STOVE,**

With decorated Green, warranted to last the way it is, together with many other of the most improved blades, also, **EVEN PLATE** **KNIVES** of various sizes suited to public buildings as Churches, Colleges, Court and School Houses, &c. &c.

**LONG'S**  
Right & Left Hand  
**DEQUINCE**

**DELANO**  
Premium Plough


  
**ALSO, THE DAVIS PLOUGH.**

We respectfully invite all persons, a reading any of the articles manufactured by us, to send and give us the pleasure of showing them, that, while we know how to make the best quality of work, we also know how to *Get it at the Lowest Price.*

To oblige our customers and please ourselves, we have come to the conclusion never to produce

**"Current Profit" or Good Country Produce**

in any way. In consequence hereof, the

We are not surprised however to find in the best degree, even here, "hard" as a character; so that, one, one should not be able to "withstand" yet it is a fact we face, "a hard-  
faced" out of which we can make "Witches, Hags, and Goblins"  
as they are not even seen since the days of Creation. Just  
long and not long.

ROAD TO THE  
ROAD TO THE

NEW ORLEANS, Alpacas, Cashmeres, De anino,  
and Parmenter, very cheap  
Sept. 23. OREF & SCHWEGMAN.

**THE** LINEN CAMBRIC.—A splendid article at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

**W. W. HILL, C. WILSON, A. M. DENTON**


**HILL, WILSON, & CO.,**  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers.

**DRY GOODS,  
GROCERIES, &C.**  
PORT WAYNE, INDIANA.  
SAWS, Mch, & Cut, Hand, and Buck, of Pl.

**ROBERT MOOD, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public**, Inc., hereby gives notice that he will at all times attend in his office (at the Mayor's office) on Clinton street in the City of Fort Wayne, where he will make Deeds, Mortgages and other Instruments of Writing on reasonable terms; and attend to his official duties.

Fort Wayne, Jan. 21, 1888

**SADDLES & BRIDLES.**—A large and complete assortment selling low, very low, at the Niagara Store. Call and buy before they are gone.  
A. B. MILLER.

  
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 The Library  
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